AC-053 Peltier-Thermoelectric Air Cooler



- External heat sink air flow is directed along the length of the heat sink fins (in one end, out opposite end) providing a different option for routing air flow as compared to TE Technology's other standard air coolers.
- One of the two cold-side (internal) air exit paths can be blocked with only a minimal impact on cooling performance, providing more mounting options in tight spaces.
- Low external fan noise (39 dBA) is beneficial in laboratory instrumentation.
- Ideal for small enclosures containing items that can not be cooled through direct contact.
- Threaded holes are located in the bases of the heat sink plates for easy attachment of a temperature sensor.
- High-temperature versions and other customizations are available upon request.
- CE marked, RoHS compliant.

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AC-053 Specifications	TE Power (typical) ¹ : TE Power (maximum) ² :	24 VDC at 4.6 A 24 VDC at 5.6 A		NEMA Rating:	12
	Cold-side Fan Power: Hot-side Fan Power:	24 VDC at 0.16 A 24 VDC at 0.23 A		Weight (kg):	2.9
	Please review the product manual: <i>Thermoelectric Cooling Assembly</i> <i>(TCA) Instruction Manual</i> , FAQ's and related technical information, and ordering information posted on our web site before purchasing or using this product.		Performance is based on unrestricted air flow to fans and from air-flow outlets. Do not operate if the ambient, enclosure air, heat sink, or cold sink temperatures exceed 70 °C. Do not operate fans at air temperatures below -10 °C.		

¹Current, at steady-state, is rated at +25 °C ambient, +25 °C internal, maximum heat removal. At -10 °C internal, the typical steady-state current is 4.5 A. ²Current, at steady-state operation under-worst case conditions, is rated at -10 °C ambient, +70 °C internal, maximum heat removal.







cooling performance at the indicated ambient air temperature (inlet to ambient-side fan). If the cooler is to operate at a different ambient, then you must sketch in a new performance line. This can be drawn parallel to one of the existing lines, using the distance between the existing lines as a scale to properly locate the new line. Draw a horizontal line on the graph corresponding to the desired internal air temperature of the enclosure until it intersects with the performance line corresponding to the ambient temperature at which the cooler is to operate.

NOTE: heating performance is not shown. Contact TE Technology, Inc. if you require this information.

The maximum amount of heat that the cooler can remove from the enclosure is determined by the intersection point (determined in the previous step). If the heat load exceeds the cooling capacity, then the cooler will not be able to maintain the desired enclosure temperature. If the heat load is less, then the cooler can operate with

less input power.

Example: You need to maintain the enclosure at 15 °C while in a 25 °C ambient. The cooler can remove a maximum of approximately 39 W of heat from the enclosure. If the heat load (internally generated heat plus the heat gain through insulation, solar, vapor condensation, etc.) in the enclosure exceeds this, you would need more coolers and/or a larger cooler.

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